

IM Cannabis Corp IMCC under CEO Oren Shuster



6		H	H	T		3	3	2		8
5		H	T	T		3	2	2		7
4		T	T	T		2	2	2		6
3		H	H	T		3	3	2		8
2		H	T	T		3	2	2		7
1		H	H	T		3	3	2		8

### HEXAGRAM 29 - K'an - The Abysmal (Water)

Above K'AN THE ABYSMAL, WATER

Below K'AN THE ABYSMAL, WATER

This hexagram **consists of** a doubling of the trigram K'an. It is one of the eight hexagrams in which **doubling** occurs. The trigram K'an **means** a plunging in.

A yang line

- has **plunged** in between two yin lines and
- is **closed in** by them like water in a ravine.

The trigram K'an is **also** the middle son.

The Receptive

- **has obtained** the middle line of the Creative, and thus
- K'an **develops**.

As an image it **represents** water, the water that

- **comes** from above and
- **is** in motion on earth in streams and rivers, **giving** rise to all life on earth.

In man's world K'an **represents**

- the **heart**,

- the **soul** locked up within the body,
  - the principle of **light** inclosed in the dark - that is, reason.
- The name of the hexagram, because the trigram is doubled, has the **additional meaning**, "**repetition of danger**."

Thus the hexagram is intended to designate

- an **objective situation** to which one must become accustomed,
- not a **subjective attitude**.

For **danger due to a subjective attitude means either**

- **foolhardiness**

or

- **guile.**

Hence too a **ravine** is used to symbolize danger;

it is a situation in which

a man is in the **same pass** as

the water in a ravine,

and,

like the water,

- **he can escape**

if

- **he behaves correctly.**

## THE JUDGMENT

The Abysmal repeated.

If you are **sincere**,

- **you have success in your heart,**

And

- **whatever you do succeeds.**

Through **repetition** of danger

we grow **accustomed** to it.

Water sets the example for the right conduct under such circumstances.

- It
  - **flows on and on,**
  - and
    - **merely fills up all the places through which it flows;**
- it
  - **does not shrink from any dangerous spot nor from any plunge,**
  - and
    - **nothing can make it lose its own essential nature.**
- It
  - **remains true to itself under all conditions.**

Thus likewise,

- **if one is sincere when confronted with difficulties,**
  - **the heart can penetrate the meaning of the situation.**

And

- once we have gained inner mastery of a problem,
  - it will come about naturally that the action we take will succeed.

In danger all that counts is really

- carrying out all that has to be done – thoroughness –
- and
- going forward, in order not to perish through tarrying in the danger.

Properly used,

danger can have an important meaning as a protective measure.

Thus

- heaven has its perilous height protecting it
  - against every attempt at invasion, and
- earth has its mountains and bodies of water,
  - separating countries by their dangers.

Thus also

rulers make use of danger to protect themselves

- against attacks from without
- and
- against turmoil within.

## THE IMAGE

Water

- flows on uninterruptedly
- and

- reaches its goal:

The image of the Abysmal repeated.

Thus the superior man

- walks in lasting virtue

And

- carries on the business of teaching.

Water reaches its goal by flowing continually.

It fills up every depression before it flows on.

The superior man follows its example; he is concerned that goodness should be

- an established attribute of character rather than
- an accidental and isolated occurrence.

So likewise in teaching others everything depends on consistency,

for

it is only through repetition

that

the pupil makes the material his own.

## THE LINES

Six in the fourth place means:

A jug of wine, a bowl of rice 1' with it  
Earthen vessels  
Simply handed in through the window.  
There is certainly no blame in this.

In times of danger ceremonious forms are dropped.  
What matters most is sincerity.

Although as a rule it is customary for an official to present

- certain introductory gifts  
and

- recommendations  
before he is appointed,

here everything is simplified to the utmost.

The gifts are insignificant,

there is no one to sponsor him,

he introduces himself;

yet

all this need not be humiliating

if only there is the honest intention of mutual help in danger.

Still another idea is suggested.

The window is the place through which light enters the room.

If in difficult times

- we want to enlighten someone,

- we must

- begin with that which is in itself lucid  
and

- proceed quite simply from that point on.

## **MOVING HEXAGRAM**

### **HEXAGRAM 47 - K'un - Oppression (Exhaustion)**

Above TUI THE JOYOUS, LAKE

Below K'AN THE ABYSMAL, WATER

1. The lake is above, water below; the lake is empty, dried up. (1)

Exhaustion is expressed in yet another way:

2. at the top, a dark line is holding down two light lines;  
below, a light line is hemmed in between two dark ones.

3. The upper trigram belongs to the principle of darkness,  
the lower to the principle of light.

Thus everywhere superior men are oppressed and held in restraint by inferior men.

## THE JUDGMENT

OPPRESSION.

Success.

Perseverance.

The great man brings about good fortune.

No blame.

When one has something to say,

It is not believed.

- Times of adversity are the reverse of times of success, but

- they can lead to success if they befall the right man.

When

a strong man meets with adversity,

- he remains cheerful despite all danger, and

- this cheerfulness is the source of later successes; it is that stability which is stronger than fate.

He who

- lets his spirit be broken by exhaustion certainly

- has no success.

But

if adversity only bends a man,

- it creates in him a power to react that is bound in time to manifest itself.

No inferior man is capable of this.

Only the great man

- brings about good fortune

and

- remains blameless.

It is true that for the time being outward influence is denied him, because his words have no effect.

Therefore in times of adversity

it is important to be

- strong within

and

- sparing of words.

## THE IMAGE

There is no water in the lake:

Thus

the superior man

stakes his life

On following his will.

When the water has flowed out below,

the lake must

- dry up
- and
- become exhausted.

That is fate.

This symbolizes an adverse fate in human life.

In such times there is nothing a man can do

but

- acquiesce in his fate

and

- remain true to himself.

This concerns the deepest stratum of his being,  
for this alone is superior to all external fate.